

—

to quite
to decide
the jury
about Ogle
in Duane
with the
was valued
Foster ar
and it w
the jury
monstrou
that the go
different t
was an acc
the evils of
an attempt
sinking it.

Orin
making
was u
denied a
was tak
between
murder
employ of
pany, an
a, fair
his son
all-past 5
on the
wanted for
united for

at last
Archibald
the
Dining
stables, and
a piece of
That was
it smugly
opened as
out of the
to wash it

cheerful
larly low-

of
Harry-street
at 5 p.m.

amount was
Detective
estimated at £10.
His flow-
erhouse in
changed his
side, but or
and he cou-
ld not find do-
mesticated for
circumstances
the main-
tenance of the
of conspir-
acy not only in
some of those
of their wit-
nesses.

The Sydney evidence tendered under, while about the d. Archer Saturday had passed towards fallen informed him on the s. a few questions cleared. The

soner, was
at she was
ould do re
d thought
led by the
ere cover-
he cover-
tiness, in
erispicue,
she thru,
had pre-
movements
and certain
been worn
thing un-

recovery of
 turn-
 in this
 circumstance
 as at that
 husband's
 to leave
 question.
 day night,
 not notice
 a house.
 door may
 morning.
 placed on a
 directly put
 Bathurst-

The case for tools in the night of May 22, 1968, was being solved by the police.

The case for tools in the night of May 22, 1968, was being solved by the police.

knocked his
defence was
found guilty
recommend
tence.

Henry S
stealing a b
near Florid
a second o
For the pro
mare was p
mother at
ember, and
The accus
Sunny Cor
guilty, and

The case
low:—Jack
larceny;—
Charles Hin
Armagani,
Ryan, steal
ton, stealing

...and his
...ing men-
...for the next
...disciplinarian in
...it was
...to pay for
...would be
...tinghurst,
...portunity of
...characters,
...had come
...from the
...delivered.
...children—a
...a friend or

tion; and
motion to re-
solved, at
man out;
No. 7, part
ation for
ation of C
solving; F
Peter, mat
he serves
others, abo
Baily v. 1
Meyson, a
Master's Of
Company of
Banking Co
p.m.; Hyde
limited, to
Tracy, to
speak; re
Balle and

Company, to be
to settle last
at 11 a.m. in
to last week
ments. At 5
order.

News List—
gent, one,
of New Hon
Strained.
New Trial—
heard; W
W. J.
W. J. J. J. J. J.
Bath. Co.
Governer
Chamber L
social case
which cla

shown by
ve persons
some of the
any should
no one is
engaged in
this trade
with them
for these
and, as
appears as
is in other
y getting
be able
ent day;
another
ent aware
ed in, but
with the

that the
ire conspi-
cuous, they
remained
no doubt
or to get
to pay for
support the
regard to
hellegrance,
that he was

report was adopted, and it was ordered that the third reading of the bill stand an order of the day for

SCOTTISH-AUSTRALIAN MINING COM.
DANIEL BATHMAN BILL

Mr. DAVIES moved that the South-Western Mining Company's (Limited) Railway Bill be now read the second time.

Sir WILLIAM MANBY and Dr. MACLAUREN supported the motion.

The motion was agreed to, and the bill read the second time.

The House went into committee to consider the bill in detail.

All the provisions of the measure were agreed to as printed.

The House resumed, the bill was reported without

The third reading was made an order for next sitting day.

SEGENHOF ESTATE IRRIGATION BILL.

Mr. HUMPHREY moved that the Segenhof Estate Irrigation Bill be now read the second time.

The motion was agreed to and the bill read the second time.

The House went into committee to consider the bill in detail.

All the provisions of the measure were agreed to as amended.

The House resumed, the bill was reported without amendment, and the report adopted.

The third reading was made an order for next sitting day.

ILLEGITIMACY DISABILITY REMOVAL BILL.

Mr. CREED moved that the *Illegitimacy Disability Removal Bill* be now read the second time.

Mr. CHARLES said he thought that that was a dangerous proposition. It would be an unfair for an illegitimate child to be liable to be hauled to come in contact merely with the children of a married

Mr. WILLIAM MANNING said that that was a consideration before they adopted it. (Hear, hear.) His own opinion was in that sort of measure as that about as well as they had *federation*. It would be a terrible thing to have a diversity of laws in the several colonies in regard to that matter. At any rate the matter might very well stand over.

until next session of Parliament. He would move as an amendment that the debate be adjourned for a week. There was not the slightest reason why that matter should be pressed forward at the present moment. It would effect a vital change in regard to a very important subject.

The amendment for the adjournment of the debate for a week was agreed to.

MUNICIPAL WHARFS BILL.

Mr. PIGOTT moved that the Municipal Wharfs Bill be now read the second time.

The motion was agreed to, and the bill read the

The House went into committee to consider the bill in detail.

The provisions of the measure were agreed to, in some cases with verbal amendments.

The House resumed, the bill was reported with amendments, and the report adopted.

At a later period of the evening the bill was read the third time and returned to the Assembly with the usual message.

SMALL DEBTS RECOVERY ACT AMENDING BILL

Mr. GREENE moved that the Small Debts

Mr. GERVILLE moved the "second reading" of the Recovery Act. Mr. Adams said he would read the second time.

After some discussion the motion was agreed to, and the bill read the second time.

The House went into committee to consider the bill in detail.

Clause 1. "When any attachment order is being made under the provisions of the Small Debt Recovery Act, or upon any application at any time by the garnishee, it shall be within the discretion of the court adjudicating to provide by such order or to vary such order so as to provide for the payment of the amount of the payment debt, or of so

much thereof as to be satisfied by the order, by instruments to be paid by the garnishee at such periods as the court may fix."

Mr. NIMPSON said that the object of the gentleman who introduced the bill was to benefit the debtor, but the bill as drawn would benefit the garnishee, not the debtor at all.

Mr. PIGOTT said that the bill would not accomplish the object the promoters had in view.

Mr. JANGAR said it was undesirable to fill the statute book with piecemeal legislation, of which this bill was a sample.

Mr. MacKINNON said he hoped that the

Mr. DAVISON said he hoped that the committee would be able to get the bill, because it would afford a large measure of relief.

Mr. SIMPSON said that the unfortunate debtor would be harassed, but he was provided, by the bill would operate in such a way as to enable the garnishee—who ought to pay the person to whom he was indebted—to decline to pay in one sum, and make the payment of his debt in installments extending over a long period.

Mr. DAVIES said that what they ought to do, having regard to the distress which now existed, was to invest a magistrate with a discretionary power to order the debtor to pay in installments.

Mr. SIMPSON said that if the further considerations were deferred until next day he and Mr. Pigott would mean while meet together and endeavour to frame a clause which would accomplish what the promoters of the bill desired. (Cheers.)

After further discussion bearing upon the mode of procedure to be adopted, the provisions of the bill were agreed to as printed.

The House resumed, and the bill was reported without amendment.

The adoption of the report was made an order for next sitting day.

Mr. PIGOTT gave notice that he would move next day that the bill be recommitted, and it be an instruction to the committee to embody in it a provision to enable the Court to order the payment of a judgment debt by instalments.

TREASURY INDEMNITY BILL.

Dr. MACLAURIN moved,—"That the Treasury Indemnity Bill be now read the second time."

The motion was agreed to, and the bill read the second time.

The House went into committee to consider the bill in detail.

All the provisions were agreed to as printed.

The House resumed, the bill was reported without amendment, and the report was adopted.

The third reading was made an order for Friday.

ADJOURNMENT.

The House, at a quarter to 10, adjourned until 8 o'clock on Friday.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

THURSDAY, JUNE 3.

The SPEAKER took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

ASSENT TO BILLS.

Mr. SPEAKER announced that messages had been received from his Excellency the Governor notifying that assent had been given to the following Bills:—Lunacy Act Amendment Bill, Venereal Diseases Act Amendment Bill, and Lee and Brady Settlement Bill.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Sir GEORGE DIBBS, in answer to Mr. Black,

Mr. SLATTERY, for the Minister for Justice, in reply to Mr. Hogg, said that his colleague would, as to the first point, consider the advisableness of taking steps to have the use of the word "Carnegie" in the Licensing Act, 6 William IV. (1832), in the 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, and 16 clauses, so that the amount of

might be left to the discretion of the magistrates in place of, as at present, being a fixed penalty in each case.

Mr. BLATTERY, for the Minister for Public Instruction, in answer to Mr. Waddell, said that a Public School had not been established at Curmidge, as a sufficient attendance of pupils could not be maintained. The Minister had offered to establish house-to-house schools on the usual conditions.

Mr. ASYLIN, in answer to Mr. Waddell, said that as far as practice he would see that plans and suggestions of proposed public works were contributed at the nearest, possible place, to where the work

A.A. C.

Mr. J.

room.

the Ag.

had been

VAL.

Mr. J.

received

the Val.

been ag.

PO.

Mr. LYNE, in answer to Mr. BOWEN, who asked whether the Minister would, in view of the bad state of the country roads, and the small amount at his disposal for their repair, ask Parliament for a further sum to be expended during this year, said: do not think there will be any necessity for this, as it is the funds at my disposal will be sufficient for all requirements.

Mr. EKE, in answer to Mr. Stevenson for Mr. Hugh McKinnon, who asked what, in view of the fact that the Government had become responsible for a measure for some of the backs of this colony, he

Mr. SEE, in answer to Mr. Walker, who asked a series of questions relative to certain improprieties of bill-headed stock lists, said that the lists were not under the authority of the Commissioners, who were not aware of certain alleged defects in the quality.

Mr. KIDD, in answer to Mr. Kelly, who asked

[illegible]

to the free interchange of the two countries. Mr. HARRIS said he did not regard this as an advantage of improperly any means at all would over himself under the provisions of the act with the Minister.

HARRIS said he did not regard this as an advantage at all. The bill was introduced merely to meet emergency needs no proper construction was the object of the bill itself. He was his concurrence to a bill of that kind was to meet some of the needs of the country.

He would understand some of the needs of the country.

of indigence, or in other destination. If that was the clearly defined in the bill. It being at all times to put in the requirement to be put in an Act of Parliament and object of the Act ought to be in the bill itself. If they removed the clause destroyed the character of the House, and they made it a taken advantage of by any body who would give him to retain the necessary to the true description of the bill.

Mr. REID said that was no information. They were not competing lines running for the same direction to two points. The announcement of what they had to do in the matter would inform the committee very much that he would feel strongly policy of giving up the Canadian subsidizing the Vancouver very glad to support the communication through without touching foreign

N said he would support the re-
doubt, because if they were not re-
doubt prevent many persons from
enter the bill. About 90 retraced
formed an association, and intended
to amend the bill, but none of them

agent.

and if the words were taken out dangerous.

He thought the words should be heard had a discretion to select suitable.

He said that if such a bill had been in the "New Australia" scheme was inherent of it would not have South America, but would have South Wales. He did not see why little money should not be allowed for provisions of the clause, and would ment.

Mr. INGLIS said that he was of the revolution, and he did

Mr. L. said that he would oppose the views of the men who had cast the new Australia scheme would come as settlements were to be controlled.

He said that they should not forget that by the time they should be revolutionising the policy of New South Wales individual effort to the lines of pure would be the character stamped on the was left out. If that impression made they would lose all promising the law—would vanish as

said those men who would come from across the colony would not wish to trade the measure, but he hoped the men could see advantage if it would not be the brand of their misfortune.

"That he did not see the danger would arise through people with the change of the bill.

"That the opponents of the amendment that the board would be a cor-

Donald
 Wilkey
 (C) Sullivan
 Nickerson
 McShown
 Abbott, J.
 Homan

Very	Mufarrian	firm. The Postmaster-General
Carick	Foot	said that the Government was so
lark, G. D.	Guthrie	convinced of the necessity of the
Kelly	Murphy	constitutional aspect of taking
Eden	Holmes	without authority, and then
Eden	Laan	afterwards for approval—a
Eden	Johnston	Government—that they had
Eden		the House to approve of a
Eden		the Government had
Eden		Postmaster-General said the
Eden		Mr. KIDG said he did not
Eden		He said they would enter
Eden		matter, and say that the

and, "The Speaker leave the
to the scheme if the House vote
posal. He did not say they w
over first and then consider it.
Mr. REID : Possibly clear,
ter.)
Mr. BRUCE SMITH: The
made it as clear as mud. I
come to the House and said the
proposal before them, and
of it—they themselves havin
at the convenience of look
and having gone into the
to the conclusion that what

resolves itself into a Committee for the purpose of considering a resolution in a subsidy towards the monthly steamer Sydney and Vancouver by Mr. Macdonald on the motion with the following amendments:—
1. That the Committee consist of Messrs. Hatchburn, Nicoll, Williams, Nicholson, and Macdonald.
2. That the Committee do not go into committee.
3. That the House do not assent to the said resolution.
4. That the House do not assent to a vote not exceeding £10,000

granted towards the monthly being performed between Sydney and Mr. James Huddett. 2. That he be communicated by address to the Governor. He might point out that he was fully considered at the Postal Conference, and after that it was agreed that it would be to the ally of Queensland and New South Wales service. In view of the fact that the P. and O. Company and the Post Office were not falling in until next year, the resolution at that time. It

When the time arrived for writing reports of mails to England this morning I was surprised to find that Mr. Parker, and Co. had sent me five vessels from Brisbane via Vancouver which had been submitted to them by the Government before they wanted to be in a position to make the season to have the authority if it was thought in the subsidise a service, so that they could be able to view the whole question.

The Government to be introduced into the matter, but as we are rather late, have no time to

The company subject to its ratification, and the high and two-thirds majority vote in support. If the board that was subsidising a line of steamers and intended to subsidise a Malbroux, would not anyone line of steamers from Sydney were in that position. The for a steamer line to San Francisco at £2000 a year in position of steamers belonging to the Government and those running for the Government. The Government did not say justified in subsidising a line of annual service, although in the future advisable to have such a route.

But the steamers they would not doubt mail parcels delivered in England in 26 hours lack of their support the reduction the service it might be possible to have a steamer for a mail service if they wanted one for a company might induce this company marriage of English mails, which was at present subsiding the P. and O. companies to the extent of doing. The company now run- ning had offered to continue the service; but that would take their object was to connect with that already. What was pre- scribed line of steamers from which was two-thirds of the line with another line, and even a single two line running only one another angle. They would reach the destination. They were all agreed that if they would give the preference that went through Canada States, because it was part of it and was an equally good if

There was a question raised as to whether the Government would be able to make a sufficient number of calls on the company. There was no doubt that the Government, in considering the new service, and Victoria would like to join, as the advantages of trade with Canada would be very great. The Government asked at the present time whether they should be given power to call on the company for the purpose of doing the work to get it done under the conditions of the contract. The Government said that if the resolution were to be passed at least he would be troubled in the matter at the present time. He would not say whether the Government would be able to make a sufficient number of calls on the company. He would not say whether the Government would be able to make a sufficient number of calls on the company. He would not say whether the Government would be able to make a sufficient number of calls on the company.

... steam service now being per-
... one steamer had left for Vancouver
... called a monthly steam service.
... bound down to Mr. Huddart
... might step in with a better
... did not think the hon. member
... on the case he had put before
... asking them to vote for the re-

commodities between Kidd had innocently had not been a he would not have made or a weak admission to at because some entered the service, therefore ed to back it up. That on which to put the should stand or fall (hear.) There was etmaster-General was mittee to enable the contract for three years

answer. They wanted going to support two thousands of miles in the only 800 miles apart. The Government intended to finance the decision of He would say at once inclined to support the Francisco route and route. He would be proposal to establish the British Eastern soil. (Hear, hear.)

... was strongly in favour
not wish to denigrate

parated America from
already spent a large
itself at Chicago, and it
for £10,000 to try and
trade. A trade with
for our fine wool and
the colony would receive
not be produced here.
essent was a time when
away money on mere
y was that, seeing that
country would be in a
than it had ever been,

had told the House convinced of the uncertainty from the Treasury coming to the House a novel thing for the decided to actually ask certain proposal before approved of it. The Government had not action with this scheme. make that statement. negotiations on the Government was favourable

as a wise proposal—
did something to go on.
ment did, but it was
as it would have been
the House to approve
ment came down
t intend to say
the money even
If the committee said
the Government was
it. The Government
on of the House before
They further said they

Postmaster-General
showed reasons
be held in his hand.
then £10,000 should be
Treasurer, and they
1000 over many times
expenditure without
four. The Postmaster-
10,000 was not justified
why was the matter in
General at all? His
who believed in the
a subsidised line of

with Canada, they had
proposed was to run a
Sydney to Honolulu,
distance, side by side
after that they would
in the same direction
so that they
on 800 miles apart.
all things were equal
ce to the communica-
as against the United
the British dominions,
not better route by

st of New South Wales
members knew very well
away Company was a
and that the line having
native block system the
of the corporation re-
and their object was
page 6)

SECOND EDITION.

...a fair compensated business. This resolution by the Steamship

THURSDAY.
The council of the
against relief
deposits
themselves. A
cold. A donor
interfered with
the city was so

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

into the opera-
-s Act, in con-
- of sweating in
-vidence to-day.
- of the board.
-d'Carthy com-
-sion to-day by
-n front of a
-r from the Vic-
- thanking him
-tution of coal
-n his power to
-t the Victorian

...round rate of
skip, 44; and
one have been
Association as
the seam is an
ing some diffi-
probable though
be satisfaction

National Library of Australia <http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page137>

MONTE

— 337 —

Balm's Peppermint

The full
the Queens

as
in
Canada,

Note and bill
Balances due
Premises

it would be
of the dis

15 per cent
one institut

consideration in f
to present th

1372860

[illegible][illegible]